



OpenVox Communication Co.Ltd





DE115P

DE115E

DE115P/DE115E on DAHDI User Manual

Version: 2.2





OpenVox Communication Co.Ltd

OpenVox-Best Cost Effective Asterisk Cards

Address: F/3, Building No.127, Jindi Industrial Zone, Shazui Road, Futian District, Shenzhen, Guangdong 518048, China <u>Tel:+86-755-82535461, 82535095, 82535362, Fax:+86-755-83823074</u> Business Contact: <u>sales@openvox.com.cn</u> Technical Support: <u>support@openvox.com.cn</u>

Business Hours: 09:00-18:00(GMT+8) from Monday to Friday URL: www.openvox.cn

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General Safety Instructions



- **1.** The computers that have DE115P/DE115E card installed must comply with the country's specific safety regulations.
- 2. Only service personnel should go to install DE115P/DE115E card.
- **3.** Before installing DE115P/DE115E card, please unplug the power cord and remove the cover from your PC.
- **4.** For avoiding personal injuries and damages to your machine and DE115P/DE115E card, make sure bracket of the card is secured to the PC's chassis ground by fastening the card with a screw.
- 5. Electrical Surges, ESD are very destructive to the equipment. To avoid it, make sure there is a low impedance discharge path from your computer to chassis ground.
- **6.** To reduce the risk of damage or injury, please follow all steps or procedures as instructed.



Test Environments

CentOS-5.5

Kernel version: 2.6.18-194. el5

DAHDI: dahdi-linux-complete-current

Asterisk: asterisk-1.8.5.0

Libpri: libpri-1.4.11.5

Hardware: OpenVox DE115P/DE115E

Chapter 1 Overview

1.1 What is Asterisk

The Definition of Asterisk is described as follows:

Asterisk is a complete PBX in software. It runs on Linux, BSD, Windows (emulated) and provides all of the features you would expect from a PBX and more. Asterisk does voice over IP in four protocols, and can interoperate with almost all standard-based telephony equipment using relatively cost-effective hardware. Asterisk provides Voicemail services with Directory, Call Conferencing, Interactive Voice Response, Call Queuing. It supports three-way calling, caller ID services, ADSI, IAX, SIP, H323 (as both client and gateway), MGCP (call manager only) and SCCP/Skinny (voip-info.org).

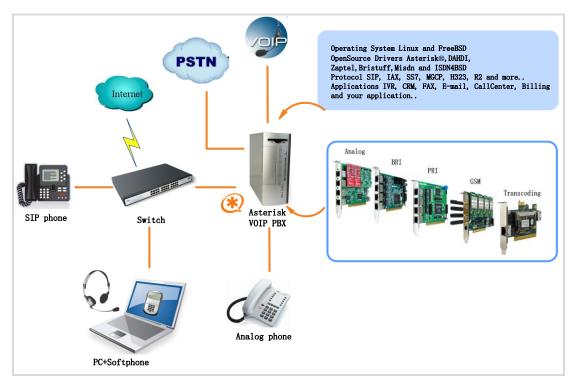


Figure 1 Topology

1.2 What is DE115P/DE115E

The DE115P/DE115E offers an on-board Octasic[®] DSP-based echo cancellation module. They support T1, E1, and J1 environments and is selectable on a per-card or per-port basis. The Octasic[®] DSP-based EC module enables users to eliminate echo tails up to 128ms or 1024 taps across all 32 channels in E1 mode or 24 channels in T1/J1 modes. Further, this module takes advantage of the Octasic[®] Voice Quality Enhancement to provide superior sound quality on all calls.

DE115P/DE115E supports industry standard telephony and data protocols, including Primary Rate ISDN (both N. American and Standard Euro) protocol families for voice, PPP, Cisco, HDLC, and Frame Relay data modes. Both line-side and trunk-side interfaces are supported. DE115P/DE115E works well with Asterisk[®], Elastix[®], FreeSWITCH[™], PBX in a Flash, trixbox[®], Yate[™] and IPPBX/IVR projects as well as other Open Source and proprietary PBX, Switch, IVR, and VoIP gateway applications.

Target Applications

- Voice-over Internet Protocol(VoIP) Services
- Complex IVR Trees
- "Meet-Me" Bridge Conferencing
- Calling Card Platforms



- ➢ VoIP Gateways (support SIP, H.323, and IAX)
- Legacy PBX/IVR Services
- Voice/Data Router (replace expensive routers)
- > PRI/Switch Compatibility Network or CPE



Chapter 2 Hardware Setup

There are some points that should be paid attention to when setting up DE115P/DE115E.

2.1 Span type setup

Each DIP switch controls one span configuration for E1 or T1.Setting DIP1 to ON means SPAN1 will be E1.Setting DIP1 to OFF means SPAN1 will be T1.

2.2 CardID switch setup

If want to install more than one card of DE115P/DE115E in a PC, you should take care of the card ID switch. There are two pieces of rules you must obey:

- The first card must be set to 0, which is a card that will be initialized (i.e. installing driver) firstly when the system boot up. And the second should be set to 1, and so forth.
- At most cases, Linux will initialize PCI devices according to their slot order. The slot nearest to the CPU will be initialized firstly and the far end slot will be initialized at last. That is to say, the card which is nearest to the CPU ID should be set to 0 if there is more than one DE115P/DE115E on your machine.



2.3 Slot compatibility

DE115P is compatible with 32-bit 5.0V PCI slot, 64-bit 3.3V PCI slot or 64-bit 5.0V PCI slot, but DE115E is compatible with PCI-E×1, ×2, ×4, ×8, ×16 slot; you should confirm your slot type and insert into a PCI slot or PCI-E slot as previously described.

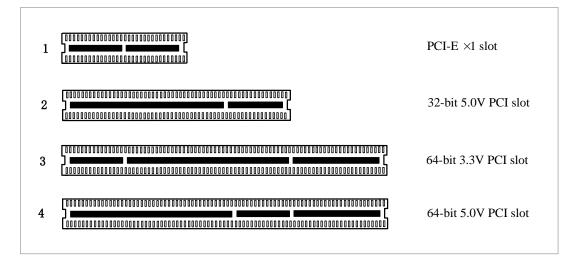


Figure 2 PCI-E and PCI slots

2.4 Timing cable

If you have just one card in the system, all channels on that card have already run under the same clock source, so timing cable is unnecessary. But if there are more than one card, using timing cable has some advantages. Before using the clock line, each card works on its own clock, therefore precision of the clock is limited; each card will send /receive voice data at different speeds. In voice usage, this small issue can be omitted, but in data communication such as Fax/Modem, it will cause

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big problems. Data loss will cause communication broken or fax broken. Timing cable will force all cards to work at the same clock source, send data at the same speed, as a result no data will lost.

If you found J914 (input) and J915 (output) interfaces on the card, it means the card supports clock line, for details, please refer to <u>HERE</u>.



Chapter 3 Software Installation and Configuration

DE115P/DE115P supports DAHDI software driver on Linux. To make full use of DE115P/DE115P, you should download, compile, install and configure Libpri, DAHDI and Asterisk.

3.1 Download

DAHDI software packages are available on OpenVox official website or Digium. Some patches should be added while the driver source is from Digium, therefore, it is recommended that downloading the DAHDI driver package from OpenVox official website.

Gain DAHDI source package from OpenVox:

http://downloads.openvox.cn/pub/drivers/dahdi-linux-complete/openvox_ dahdi-linux-complete-current.tar.gz

Get Asterisk software package from Digium official website:

http://downloads.asterisk.org/pub/telephony/asterisk/releases/asterisk-1.8

<u>.5.0.tar.gz</u>

Get libpri software package from Digium official website:

http://downloads.asterisk.org/pub/telephony/libpri/releases/libpri-1.4.11. 5.tar.gz

Execute the following commands under the directory of /usr/src/ in

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general, the former two below are used for downloading these two packages and the later two are for unzipping them.

wget http://downloads.openvox.cn/pub/drivers/da hdi-linux-complete/openvox_dahdi-linux-complete-c urrent.tar.gz

wget http://downloads.asterisk.org/pub/telephon
y/asterisk/releases/asterisk-1.8.5.0.tar.gz

wget http://downloads.asterisk.org/pub/telephon

y/libpri/releases/libpri-1.4.11.5.tar.gz

tar -xvzf openvox_dahdi-linux-complete-current.
tar.gz

tar -xvzf asterisk-1.8.5.0.tar.gz

tar -zxvf libpri-1.4.11.5tar.gz

3.2 Installation

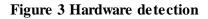
1. Hardware detection

lspci -vvvv

Check the outcome and confirm your system has recognized

DE115P/DE115E. If it has been recognized, "communication controller" will be displayed in the output information like that:

```
03:00.0 Communication controller: Unknown device 1b74:0115 (rev 02)
        Control: I/O- Mem+ BusMaster+ SpecCycle- MemWINV- VGASnoop-
ParErr- Step
ping- SERR- FastB2B-
        Status: Cap- 66MHz- UDF- FastB2B- ParErr- DEVSEL=medium
>TAbort- <TAbort
- <MAbort- >SERR- <PERR-
        Latency: 32
        Interrupt: pin A routed to IRQ 169
        Region 0: Memory at fdaff000 (32-bit, non-prefetchable)
[size=128]
```



If DE115P/DE115E is not recognized by the system, you have to power off and take out the card, then try to insert it into other PCI or PCI-E slot.

2. Software installation

Some dependencies are crucial. If any of them is absent, the software installation process would not go through successfully. Let's run "yum install XX" (XX stands for the dependency's name) to check the availability of dependencies.

- # yum install bison
- # yum install bison-devel
- # yum install ncurses

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- # yum install ncurses-devel
- # yum install zlib
- # yum install zlib-devel
- # yum install openssl
- # yum install openssl-devel
- # yum install gnutls-devel
- # yum install gcc
- # yum install gcc-c++
- # yum install libxml2
- # yum install libxml2-devel



If there is no kernel-devel source in the system, users should run the following command to install the kernel-devel to peer current kernel:

yum install kernel-devel-`uname -r`

While if there is no matched kernel-devel found, you should download matched RPM package to install it, or execute the following command to update to the latest and stable kernel version:

yum install kernel kernel-devel

After installed, please reboot your machine to apply the new kernel and install the dependencies. If the dependency has been installed, system indicates that nothing to do which means you could go to next one

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directly. Otherwise, the system will keep on installing it.

Among libpri, DAHDI and Asterisk, let's install libpri firstly, please execute those commands under the directory of /usr/src/ in generally:

```
# cd libpri-XX
```

make

make install

Then change to the directory of dahdi-linux-complete-XX (XX represents DAHDI version), then perform commands one by one to install DAHDI.

```
# cd /usr/src/dahdi-linux-complete-XX
```

```
# make
```

- # make install
- # make config



Caution: If there is something wrong after "make", please refer to **<u>HERE</u>**. In the url link, the moderator introduces you a method how to patch. After patching,

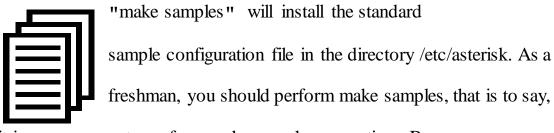
save your changes and exit. Then run "make" again, if successfully done,

it is time for you to install Asterisk.



Please operate those commands to install Asterisk.

- # cd asterisk-1.8.5.0
- # ./configure
- # make
- # make install
- # make samples



it is unnecessary to perform make samples every time. Because once performed, it will cover the old sample configuration files you have installed.

3.3 Configuration

1. Driver loading

After compiling and installing DAHDI and Asterisk, please load the driver by running:

modprobe dahdi

modprobe opvxd115

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dahdi genconf

If there is any error, please trace the cause. Until all errors are clear up, you could execute "dahdi_genconf" again, and then go to the next step. By running "dahdi_genconf", it will generate /etc/dahdi/system.conf and etc/asterisk/dahdi-channels.conf automatically. Checking whether the generated files information agrees with your hardware setup, if not, you should modify to your specific requirements. Do not forget to confirm dahdi-channels.conf is included in chan_dahdi.conf, if not, run command:

echo "#include dahdi-channels.conf" >> /etc/asterisk/chan dahdi.conf

A part of system.conf which is one of the basic channel configuration files is displayed.

```
# Span 1: D115/D130/0/1 "D115/D130 (E1|T1) Card 0 Span 1" (MASTER)
span=1,1,0,ccs,hdb3,crc4
# termtype: te
bchan=1-15,17-31
dchan=16
#echocanceller=mg2,1-15,17-31
# Global data
loadzone
                = us
defaultzone
                = us
```

Figure 4 A part of system.conf



2. Country mode modification

In order to match your country pattern, you need to change parameters loadzone and defaultzone to your country. For example, your system is in CHINA, you would like them change to:

loadzone = cn

```
defaultzone = cn
```



Some zonedata is available in the file .../dahdi-XX/tools/zonedata.c, you can refer to it to match your country mode. Meanwhile, you also need to modify another parameter which is in file

/etc/asterisk/indications.conf.

country=cn

A part of file /etc/asterisk/dahdi-channels.conf is showed as below.

(Modification, if it is not agree with the hardware setup)

```
; Span 1: D115/D130/0/1 "D115/D130 (E1|T1) Card 0 Span 1" (MASTER)
group=0,11
context=from-pstn
switchtype = euroisdn
signalling = pri_cpe
channel => 1-15,17-31
context = default
group = 63
```

Figure 5 A part of dahdi-channels.conf



After modifying the country mode, please execute the following command:

dahdi_cfg -vvvvvv

The command is used for reading and loading parameters in the configuration file system.conf and writing to the hardware. A part of outputs are showed in the following figure.



```
[root@localhost ~]# dahdi cfg -v
DAHDI Tools Version - 2.6.1
DAHDI Version: 2.6.1
Echo Canceller(s):
Configuration
SPAN 1: CCS/HDB3 Build-out: 0 db (CSU)/0-133 feet (DSX-1)
31 channels to configure.
Setting echocan for channel 1 to none
Setting echocan for channel 2 to none
Setting echocan for channel 3 to none
Setting echocan for channel 4 to none
Setting echocan for channel 5 to none
Setting echocan for channel 6 to none
Setting echocan for channel 7 to none
Setting echocan for channel 8 to none
Setting echocan for channel 9 to none
Setting echocan for channel 10 to none
Setting echocan for channel 11 to none
Setting echocan for channel 12 to none
Setting echocan for channel 13 to none
Setting echocan for channel 14 to none
Setting echocan for channel 15 to none
Setting echocan for channel 16 to none
Setting echocan for channel 17 to none
Setting echocan for channel 18 to none
Setting echocan for channel 19 to none
Setting echocan for channel 20 to none
Setting echocan for channel 21 to none
Setting echocan for channel 22 to none
Setting echocan for channel 23 to none
Setting echocan for channel 24 to none
Setting echocan for channel 25 to none
Setting echocan for channel 26 to none
Setting echocan for channel 27 to none
Setting echocan for channel 28 to none
Setting echocan for channel 29 to none
Setting echocan for channel 30 to none
Setting echocan for channel 31 to none
```

Figure 6 Channel map

3. Asterisk initiation

asterisk -vvvvvvvqc



If Asterisk is already activate, run "asterisk -r" instead. In the CLI,

please run the following command:

localhost*CLI> dahdi show channels

1	from-pstn	default	In Service
2	from-pstn	default	In Service
3	from-pstn	default	In Service
4	from-pstn	default	In Service
5	from-pstn	default	In Service
6	from-pstn	default	In Service
7	from-pstn	default	In Service
8	from-pstn	default	In Service
9	from-pstn	default	In Service
10	from-pstn	default	In Service
11	from-pstn	default	In Service
12	from-pstn	default	In Service
13	from-pstn	default	In Service
14	from-pstn	default	In Service
15	from-pstn	default	In Service
17	from-pstn	default	In Service
18	from-pstn	default	In Service
19	from-pstn	default	In Service
20	from-pstn	default	In Service
21	from-pstn	default	In Service
22	from-pstn	default	In Service
23	from-pstn	default	In Service
24	from-pstn	default	In Service
25	from-pstn	default	In Service
26	from-pstn	default	In Service
27	from-pstn	default	In Service
28	from-pstn	default	In Service
29	from-pstn	default	In Service
30	from-pstn	default	In Service
31	from-pstn	default	In Service

If DAHDI channels are found, it means they have been loaded into Asterisk. You are going to edit dialplan by your requirements.

4. Dialplan edit



Users must make sure that the context "from-pstn" and "from-internal"

are in extensions.conf. Here a simple example is given:

vim /etc/asterisk/extensions.conf

```
[from-pstn]
exten => s,1,Answer() // answer the inbound call
exten => s,n,Playback(cc_welcome) //please message
exten => s,n,Hangup()
[from-internal]
exten => _X.,1,Dial(dahdi/g0/${EXTEN})
exten => _X.,n,Hangup
```

Figure 8 dial plan

Additional function

Users should run command "cat/proc/interrupts" to check DE115P has independent interrupt. If it shares interrupt with other device, it may cause some problems even cannot work normally. While DE115P allows users to modify interrupt pin during firmware upgrade for avoiding conflict. Or you can see if the EC module is working as follows:

dmesg | grep VPM

[root@localhost ~]# dmesg | grep VPM VPM450: echo cancellation for 32 channels opvxd115 0000:20:00.0: VPM450: hardware DTMF disabled. opvxd115 0000:20:00.0: VPM450: Present and operational servicing 1 span(s)

Figure 9 EC module show



Chapter 4 Reference

www.openvox.cn www.digium.com www.asterisk.org www.voip-info.org www.asteriskguru.com

Tips

Any questions during installation, please consult in our forum or look up for answers from the following websites:

Forum

<u>wiki</u>



Appendix A Specifications

• Weight and size

Weight:	DE115P /I	DE115E	76g
Size:	DE115P	12.9×10.3	$3 \times 1.8 \text{cm}^3$
	DE115E	13×10.8>	<1.8cm ³

• Interfaces

PCI Bus: 3.3V or 5V bus slot, PCI 2.2 or above (DE115P)

Any type of PCI-E $\times 1$, $\times 2$, $\times 4$, $\times 8$, $\times 16$ slot (DE115E)

• Environments

Temperature Operation:	0 ~50 ℃
Temperature Storage:	-65~125 ℃
Humidity:	10~90% NON-CONDENSING

• Power consumption

Voltage: 3.3V, 5V

• Hardware and software requirements

RAM 128 + MB

Linux kernel 2.4.X or 2.6.X

CPU 800+ MHZ